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C111/C444

Quasilinear parabolic equations...
 with the conditions $u^{\tilde{T}}|_{\tilde{S}} = 0$, $u^{\tilde{T}}(t, x) = u_0^{\tilde{T}}(x)$ for $\tilde{T} \leq t \leq 0$,
 where $a_{ij}^{\tilde{T}}$, $B_i^{\tilde{T}}$, $c^{\tilde{T}}$, $f^{\tilde{T}}$ are bounded functions, uniformly smooth in \tilde{T} ,
 converging in R_N in the mean to a_{ij} , $\frac{\partial b_i}{\partial u}$, c , f , where $(t, x, u)u +$
 $+ f(t, x) = \sum_{i=1}^n (b_i)_{x_i} + a$; $u_0^{\tilde{T}}$ are functions finite in Ω , being
 uniformly bounded with respect to \tilde{T} , $u_0^{\tilde{T}} \rightarrow u_0(x)$ for $\tilde{T} \rightarrow 0$ in the mean,
 $f^{\tilde{T}} = 0$ on the boundary of Ω ; $c^{\tilde{T}} \leq c_0$.

Adjoining the existence and uniqueness of a generalised solution of
 the Cauchy problem for (5.1) in $H\{0 \leq t \leq \tau, -\infty < x_i < \infty\}$ with the
 conditions:
 $u(0, x) = u_0(x)$, $|u_0(x)| \leq \text{Min } E_n\{-\infty < x_i < +\infty\}$ (5.16)
 is proved, where $u_0(x)$ is square-summable in the whole E_n .

§6 contains:
 Theorem 19: Let $u(x)$ be in Ω the solution of the elliptic equation
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Quasilinear parabolic equations ...

$$\sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(x, u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + b(x, u, u_x) = 0 \quad (6.2)$$

satisfying on the boundary S of

$$u|_S = \psi|_S \quad (6.3)$$

Let $|u| \leq \tilde{M}$; $\psi(x) \in C^{2+\alpha}$, $\Omega \in A^{2+\alpha}$. For $x \in \bar{\Omega}$ and $|u| \leq \tilde{M}$ let

a.) $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$; $\mu_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i^2 \leq \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} \xi_i \xi_j \leq \mu_2 \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i^2$; $0 < \mu_1 \leq \mu_2$

b.) $|b| \leq [\lambda(p) + \varphi](p^2 + 1)$, where $p = |\operatorname{grad} u|$, $[\lambda(p) + \varphi]p$ is a positive increasing function for $p \geq 0$, $\lambda(p)$ bounded, $\lim_{p \rightarrow \infty} \lambda(p) = 0$,

$0 \leq \varphi < \tilde{M}_1$ with \tilde{M}_1 defined by the data of the problem (6.2), (6.3) and

$$\tilde{M}; |b_{x_k}| + |b_u| \leq B_0(p^2 + 1); |b_{u_{x_k}}| \leq B_1(p + 1).$$

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c.) in every finite part of the domain $\{x \in \bar{\Omega}, |u| \leq M, -\infty < u_{x_i} < +\infty\}$ holds $a_{ij} \in C_{2+\varphi}$ with respect to x and u , $b \in C_{1+\varphi}$ in x, u, u_{x_i} .

Then in all the apriori estimation holds:

$$|u|_{2+\varphi} \leq M, \quad (6.4)$$

where M is determined by the data of the problem (6.2), (6.3).

Theorem 20 states that under the suppositions of theorem 19 there exists a solution of (6.2), (6.3), in case there exists an apriori estimation, uniform with respect to k , $0 \leq k \leq 1$, of the absolute values of the solutions of the equation family

$$\sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(x, ku) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + b(x, ku, u_x) = 0$$

with the conditions (6.3).

The author mentions S. N. Bernshteyn, A. V. Grekov, A. F. Pilippov,
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Quasilinear parabolic equations...

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Yu. A. Dubinskiy, S. L. Sobolev,

There are 24 Soviet-bloc and 18 non-Soviet-bloc references. The four most recent references to English-language publications read as follows: A. Friedman, On quasi-linear parabolic equations of the second order II, Journ. Math. and Mech. 9, no. 4 (1960), 539 - 555; A. Friedman, Boundary estimates for second order parabolic equations and their applications, Journ. Math. and Mech. 7, no. 5 (1958), 771 - 791; A. Friedman, Mildly non-linear parabolic equations with application to flow of gases through porous media, Arch. Ration. Mech. and Analysis 5, no. 3 (1960), 138 - 248; I. Nash, Continuity of solutions of parabolic and elliptic equations, Amer. Journ. Math. 80, no. 4 (1958), 931 - 954; perevod: Matematika 4, no. 1 (1960), 31 - 52.

SUBMITTED: May 4, 1961

Card 16/16

88xy1

N.3500

AUTHOR:

Oleynik, O.A.

TITLE:

Boundary value problems for linear equations of elliptic
and parabolic type with discontinuous coefficientsPERIODICAL: Akademii nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya matematicheskaya,
v.25, no.1, 1961, 3-20

TEXT: Given the elliptic equation

$$\sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + \sum_{i=1}^n b_i(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} + c(x)u = f(x) \quad (1)$$

where $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$; $\sum a_{ij} \alpha_i \alpha_j \geq 0$; $c \leq 0$ and $c < 0$ if $f \neq 0$; $x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$;
 a_{ij}, b_i, c, f are functions being sufficiently smooth everywhere in the
region Ω with the exception of the points of certain smooth $(n-1)$ -
dimensional surfaces, where they may have discontinuities of first kind.
The mentioned surfaces divide Ω into the subregions Ω_i ($i=1, \dots, m$). Let
 S_{kl} be the boundary surface between Ω_k and Ω_l , \mathcal{E} be the boundary of Ω ,
 S be the set of points of all S_{kl} ($k, l=1, \dots, m$).
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Boundary value problems....

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A function $u(x)$ continuous in $\Omega + \bar{\sigma}$ which in $\Omega - S$ satisfies (1) and which satisfies the conditions

$$u|_{\bar{\sigma}} = \varphi \quad (2)$$

$$a_k \frac{du}{dN_k} = a_1 \frac{du}{dN_1} \text{ on } S_{kl} \quad (3)$$

is called the classical solution of the Dirichlet problem for (1). Here φ is a given function continuous on $\bar{\sigma}$; $a_j(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ ($j=1, \dots, n$) is a given smooth positive function in $\bar{\Omega}_j$, $\frac{d}{dN} = \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} \cos(n, x_j) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}$, where n is the normal direction of S_{kl} .

A generalized solution is a function $u(x) \in W_2^1(\Omega)$ which satisfies (2) and has the property that for every $F(x) \in W_2^1(\Omega)$ which vanishes on $\bar{\sigma}$

$$\iint \left[\sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_j} + \sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial a}{\partial x_i} a_{ij} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j} F - \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ii} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} F - acuF + sfF \right] d\Omega = 0 \quad (4)$$

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is satisfied, where $a(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is a function in Ω which is identical with $a_j(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ in points of Ω_j .

The author proves the uniqueness and existence of the classical and the generalized solutions. Especially it is shown that the generalized solution is classical if the coefficients of (1) outside S have a sufficient number of bounded derivatives. The proofs are given partially under very restricting assumptions (e.g. $b_i \equiv 0$ and a_{ij} constant in Ω_i), but it is pointed out that the assertions can also be proved under more general assumptions. The maximum principle of the author (Ref.7: Matem. sborn. v.30, no.3 (1952), 695-702) is used essentially.

Then the author considers the first boundary value problem for the parabolic equation

$$a_0(t, x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(t, x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + \sum_{i=1}^n b_i(t, x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} + c(t, x)u + f(x) \quad (10)$$

in the cylinder $Q \{ \Omega \times [0, T] \}$, where the coefficients may also be discontinuous on certain surfaces. The author proves the existence and

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uniqueness of the solution.

The results of the present paper are already briefly given in a paper by the author (Ref.5: Uspekhi matem.nauk v.14, no.5, 1959, 164-166). The author mentions S.N.Bernshteyn and S.M.Nikol'skiy. There are 14 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc references. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: Friedman A., Boundary estimates for second order parabolic equations and their applications, J.Math. and Mech., v.7,no.5 (1958),771-791.

SUBMITTED: December 24, 1959

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$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \varphi(u)}{\partial x} = 0 \quad (1)$$

with the condition

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Convergence of certain difference...

Then the differential-difference scheme of Rothe is considered for the boundary value problem

$$u|_{t=0} = u_0(x), \quad u|_{x=0} = u_1(t) \quad (5)$$

for the equation (1) in the region $\{t \geq 0, x \geq 0\}$; the scheme is described by

$$\frac{du^{n+1}}{dt} + [\psi(u^{n+1}) - \psi(u^n)]/l = 0, \quad (6)$$

where $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$; $u^n(t) = u_1(t, nl)$; $u^0(t) = u_1(t)$; $u^n(0) = u_0(nl)$, and $|u_0(x)| \leq M$, $|u_1(t)| \leq M$, $\psi'(u) > 0$ are assumed for $|u| \leq M$; $l, \varepsilon \geq 0$.

As a third example the author considers the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial \phi(u)}{\partial t} \quad (10)$$

in $Q \{0 \leq t \leq T, 0 \leq x \leq 1\}$ with the conditions $u(0, x) = u_0(x)$, $u(t, 0) = u_1(t)$, $u(t, 1) = u_2(t)$. $\phi(u)$ is continuous for $u \geq 0$, and $\phi'(u) > 0$ for $u > 0$; $u_0(x)$, $u_1(t)$, $u_2(t)$ are non-negative. The scheme is set up in the form

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Convergence of certain difference...

$$\frac{d^2 u^k}{dx^2} = [\phi(u^k) - \phi(u^{k-1})]/h \quad (11)$$

with

$$u^k(x) = u_h(kh, x), \quad k=1, 2, \dots; \quad (12)$$

$$u^0(x) = u_0(x), \quad u^k(0) = u_1(kh), \quad u^k(1) = u_2(kh).$$

It is easy to show the existence of the solutions u^k of (11), (12) and their uniform boundedness with respect to h . Let v^k be the solution of the same scheme (11), (12) with the step $h/2$. Let $\bar{u}^k = \sum_{m=0}^k u_m h$,

$$\bar{v}^k = \sum_{m=0, 1/2, \dots}^k v^m h/2. \quad \text{It holds } \frac{d^2 \bar{u}^k}{dx^2} = \phi(u^k) - \phi(u^0) + u_0^k, \quad \frac{d^2 \bar{v}^k}{dx^2} =$$

$$\phi(v^k) - \phi(v^0) + u_0^k \frac{h}{2}, \quad k=1, 2, \dots. \quad \text{For } w^k = \bar{u}^k - \bar{v}^k \text{ one obtains the equation}$$

$$\frac{d^2 w^k}{dx^2} = \mathcal{O}((w^k - w^{k-1})/h + 1/2) \mathcal{O}((v^{k-1}/2 - v^k) + u_0^k h/2);$$

$$w^0 = 0, \quad |w^k(0)| \leq M_1 h, \quad |w^k(1)| \leq M_2 h \quad (13)$$

if it is assumed that $u_1(t)$, $u_2(t)$ are of bounded variation. If

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$$v^k - v^{k-1/2} \leq 0 \quad (14)$$

is satisfied then

$$d^2w^k/dx^2 - \frac{1}{h} \cdot (w^k - w^{k-1})/h \geq u_0''(x)h/2 \geq M_3 h. \quad (15)$$

From (13) and (15) it follows that $w^k - M_4 h$, $(\bar{u}^k - 2M_4 h) - (\bar{v}^k - 2M_4 h/2) \leq 0$, i.e. $\bar{u}^k - 2M_4 h$ is a monotonely decreasing function of h . Herefrom there follows the weak convergence of u_h for $h \rightarrow 0$. Using (14) then it results that u_h converges almost everywhere in Q (it is assumed that $u_h(t, x) = u^k(x)$ for $(k-1)h < t \leq kh$). In an analogous manner the proof of convergence is given in the case

$$v^k - v^{k-1/2} \geq 0. \quad (16)$$

There are 3 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc references. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: P.Lax, Comm. on Pure and Appl.Math., 7, 159 (1954).

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Convergence of certain difference...

S/020/61/137/003/004/030
C111/C222

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im.M.V.Lomonosova
(Moscow State University im.M.V.Lomonosov)

PRESENTED: October 28, 1960, by I.G.Petrovskiy, Academician

SUBMITTED: October 27, 1960

Card 5/5

23802
S/020/61/138/001/006/023
C 111 / C 222

1b, 3500

AUTHOR: Oleynik, O. A.

TITLE: Quasilinear parabolic equations with many variables

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 138, no. 1, 1961,
43-46

TEXT: The author proves the existence and uniqueness of the classical solution of the Cauchy and first boundary value problem for a class of quasilinear parabolic equations of first order. An approximate method of solution is given.

The author considers equation

$$\sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(t,x,u) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + a(t,x,u,u_x) - \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0 \quad (1)$$

where $0 < \lambda_1(M) \leq \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} \omega_i \omega_j \leq \lambda_2(M)$ if $|\omega| = 1$ for all $x, 0 \leq t \leq T, |u| \leq M$. The a_{ij}, a are sufficiently smooth, they and

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Quasilinear parabolic equations ...

their derivatives are bounded for $|u| \leq M$ (M - arbitrary number) and all $p, x, t \geq 0$; $a_{ij} = a_{ji}$, $a_{ii} > 0$

1. Cauchy problem $\{u_t + a_{ij} u_{xj} = f(t, x)\}$ the author seeks a bounded solution of (1) which satisfies

$$u(0, x) = u_0(x), \text{ where } |u_0(x)| \leq M_0. \quad (2)$$

Let M_1 ($l = 1, 2, \dots$) be positive constants depending only on c, T, M_0 , maxima of the amounts of the derivatives of $u_0(x)$, maxima of the amounts of a_{ij} , a and their derivatives for $0 \leq t \leq T$, $|u| \leq M_0 + A|c| = M_1$, where $A = \max |a(t, x, 0, u_x)|$. Let $u, u_{x_i}, u_t, u_{x_i x_j}$

be bounded in Q and let them satisfy the Hölder conditions. Then the solution $u(x, t)$ of (1) - (2) satisfies the estimations (lemma 1):

$$|u(t, x)| \leq M_1, \quad |u(t, x) - u_0(x)| \leq M_2 t \quad (3)$$

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Quasilinear parabolic equations ...
 Let $a_{ij} \in C^{3+\alpha}$, $a \in C^{2+\alpha}$, $0 < \alpha \leq 1$, $u_0(x) \in C^3$ for $(t, x) \in Q$ and
 $|u| \leq M_1$. Then (lemma 2) in $Q_1 \{ 0 \leq t \leq M_3, -\infty < x < +\infty \}$ it holds

$$|u_{x_i}| \leq M_4 \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n \quad . \quad (4)$$

Lemma 3: In $M_3 \leq t \leq T$ it holds

$$|u_{x_i}| \leq M_9 \quad 8)$$

Lemma 4: In Q the derivatives $u_{x_i}, u_{x_i x_j}, u_t$ satisfy the Hölder condition the Hölder constants and exponents of which depend only on M_1 .

Let $u_0(x) \rightarrow 0$ for $|x| \rightarrow \infty$ and $a(t, x, 0, 0) \equiv 0$.

Theorem 1: Under the above assumptions on a_{ij} , a , $u_0(x)$, (1) - (2) has a unique solution $u(x, t)$ in Q , where $u, u_{x_i}, u_t, u_{x_i x_j}$ are

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Bounded in Ω and satisfy the Hölder condition.

2. Boundary value problem. (1) is considered in $D \{ \bar{\Omega} > [0, T] \}$ where Ω is a region in the space x with a smooth boundary Γ . Let $S = \Gamma \times [0, T]$. The author seeks a solution of (1) satisfying

$$u|_{\Omega+S} = u_0(t, x) \text{ where } |u_0| \leq K_0. \quad (10)$$

where $u_0(x, t)$ is sufficiently smooth in D and satisfies (1) on Γ . X

In two lemmas the author gives a priori estimations being analogous to those of the above lemmas.

Theorem 2: Under the given assumptions with respect to a_{ij} , b , $u_0(t, x)$ and Γ there exists a unique solution $u(t, x)$ of (1), (10) in D , where u_x, u_t, u_{xx}, u_{xt} satisfy the Hölder condition in D .

The author considers (1) - (2), let $u_0(x)$ be bounded and summable in the square in R ($-\infty < x < +\infty$). As an approximate solution

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Quasilinear parabolic equations ...

u_T(t,x), 0 < T < t of (1) - (2) the author takes the solution of

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \sum_{i,j=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (a_{ij}(t,x,u(t-T,x)) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j}) + \\ + \tilde{a}(t,x,u(t-T,x), u_x(t-T,x)) u + a(t,x,0,u_y(t-T)) = 0 \quad (15)$$

$$u_T = u_{0T}(x) \text{ for } -T < t \leq 0 \quad (16)$$

where u_{0T} are smooth functions uniformly bounded in T, where $u_{0T} \rightarrow u_0(x)$ in $L_2(R)$ for $T \rightarrow 0$. The function $u(t,x) = \lim_{T \rightarrow 0} u_T$ is a generalized solution of (1), (2), since 1) $u(t,x)$ is bounded in Q and has generalized derivatives u_{x_1} of $L_2(Q)$; 2) $u(1,x)$ satisfies the Hölder condition for $t \geq t_0 > 0$ for every t_0 ; 3) for every t_0 for

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Quasilinear parabolic equations ...

every smooth finite $F(t, x)$ it holds

$$\iint_{T \geq t \geq t_0} \left[\frac{\partial F}{\partial t} u - \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} u x_i x_j + a_i \right] dx dt + \int_{t=t_0} F(t_0, x) u(t_0, x) dx = 0$$

4) $u(t, x)$ converges in the mean to $u_0(x)$ for $t \rightarrow 0$.Theorem 3: The generalized solution $u(t, x)$ of (1) - (2) exists, is finite and is the limit value of the solutions $u_{\bar{t}}$ of (15), (16).

There are 2 Soviet-bloc and 4 non-Soviet-bloc references. The three references to English-language publications read as follows: J. Nash, Am.J. Math., 80, no. 4, 931 (1958). A. Friedman, J.Math. and Mech., 9, no. 4, 539 (1960), A. Friedman, J. Math. and Mech., 7, no. 5, 771 (1958).

PRESENTED: December 14, 1960, by J. G. Petrovskiy, Academician

SUBMITTED: December 13, 1960

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Card 6/6

OLEYNIK, O. A.

"On the equations of a boundary layer"

report submitted at the Intl Conf of Mathematics, Stockholm, Sweden,
15-22 Aug 62

OLEYNIK, O. A.

"Sur certaines équations paraboliques dégénérées de la mécanique."
Report to be submitted for the International Colloquim on Partial Differential
Equations (CNRS) Paris France, 25-30 June 1962.

S/042/62/017/003/001/002
B125/f104

AUTHORS: Il'in, A. M., Kalashnikov, A. S., Oleynik, O. A.

TITLE: Linear second-order parabolic equations

PERIODICAL: Uspekhi matematicheskikh nauk, v. 17, no. 3(105), 1962,
3-146

TEXT: This is a review of original papers on the theory of linear second-order parabolic equations published between 1906 and 1962. The classical and the generalized solutions of the boundary value problems and of the Cauchy problem are considered in particular. The most important English-language reference is: J. Nash, Continuity of solutions of parabolic and elliptic equations, Amer. Journ. Math. 80, no. 4 (1958), 931-954.

SUBMITTED: December 19, 1961

Card 1/1

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EPA(b)/EMT(1)/MDS

AFFTC/ASD

FD-37

ACCESSION NO.: AP9001102

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/0469/0507

AUTHOR: Chernik, O. A. (Moscow)TITLE: A system of equations in the theory of the boundary layerSOURCE: Zurnal vychislitel'noy matematiki i matematicheskoy fiziki, v. 3, no. 3, 1963, 489-507.

TOPIC CODES: differential equation, fluid flow, boundary layer, existence, uniqueness

ABSTRACT: The author studies the system (envelope 1) of differential equations to establish existence and uniqueness theorems. The two main theorems are given in the envelopes. Orig. art. has: 110 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 29 Dec 62

DATE ACC: 10 Jun 63

RM L: 03

SUB CODE: 00

MATERIALS: 00

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004

OLEYNIK, O.A.

International Colloquium on Partial Differential Equations held
in Paris. Usp.mat.nauk 18 no.1:217-230 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

(Mathematics—Congresses)
(Differential equations, Partial)

OLEYNIK, O.A., inzh.

Specialization of classification yards in areas of petroleum tank loading. Zhel.dor.transp. 45 no.8:51-53 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)
(Railroads--Yards) (Petroleum--Transportation)

AUTHOR: Gleyzik, O. A.

TITLE: Prandtl's system of equations in the theory of a boundary layer

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 150, no. 1, 1963, 28-31

TOPIC TAGS: boundary layer theory, Prandtl's system of equations

ABSTRACT: The author considers a system of equations of a boundary layer for incompressible liquids

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = v \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} - \frac{dp}{dx}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} =$$

in a region $D_A = \{(0 < x < A, 0 < y < \infty)\}$ satisfying the conditions

$$u|_{y=0} = 0, \quad v|_{y=0} = v_0(x), \quad u|_{x=0} = u_0(y), \quad u(x, y) \rightarrow$$

uniformly in x as $y \rightarrow \infty$ where $U^2(x) + 2p(x) = C$ (Bernoulli's law). It is

indicated that no solution for the system may exist in the region D_A and for a sufficiently large A . However assuming that $\frac{dp}{dx} \leq 0$ and $v_0(x) \leq 0$, and by impos-

ing further restrictions on the boundary condition, the author establishes existence and uniqueness theorems for the solution of the system

Card 1/2 ASSOCIATION: (Moscow State University)

OLEYNIK, O.A. (Moscow)

"On the system of Prandtl equations in the boundary layer theory"

Report presented at the 2nd All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Moscow 29 Jan - 5 Feb 64.

PETROVSKIY, Ivan Georgiyevich; MYSHKIS, A.D.; GLEYNIK, O.A.;
GAL'PERIN, S.A.; LINDIS, Ye.M.; MOROZOVA, I.Ye., red.

[Lectures on the theory of ordinary differential equations] Lektsii po teorii obyknovennykh differentsial'-nykh uravnenii. Izd.5*, dop. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 272 p.
(MI: A 18:1)

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OLEYNIK, O.A., inzh.

Organization of the transportation of liquid cargo. Zhel.dor.transp. 46
no.11388 N '64.
(MIRA 18et)

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PAKHMAN, T.A., kand. ekonom. nauk; MEZHOVA, R.V., kand. tekhn. nauk;
OLEYNIK, O.A., inzh.; YUDINA, N.V.; BERNGARD, I.A., doktor tekhn.
nauk, prof.; FROLOV, I.A., inzh.; TIKHONCHUK, Yu.N., kand. ekon.
nauk; Prinimali uchastiye: AVAK'YANTS, N.M., inzh.; SHCHERBINA,
R.M., inzh.; PETROVA, V.L., red.

[Organization of the railroad transportation of petroleum and
chemical liquid cargo.] Organizatsiya zheleznodorozhnykh pere-
vozok neftianykh i khimicheskikh nalinknykh gruzov. Moskva, Trans-
port, 1964. 119 p. (Trudy Vsesoiuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
instituta zheleznodorozhnogo transporta no.279).

(MIRA 17:12)

OLEYNIK, O.A.

Smoothness of solutions to degenerate elliptic and parabolic equations.
Dokl. AN SSSR 163 no.3:577-580 JI '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Lomonosova. Submitted
November 23, 1964.

OLEYNIK, O.A. (Moskva)

Linear equations of the second order with a nonnegative
characteristic form. Mat. sbor. 69 no.1:111-14) Ja '66.
(MIRA 19:1)

1. Submitted July 23, 1965.

L 46723-66 EWT(1)/EWP(m) WW/DJ

ACC NR: AP6022520

SOURCE CODE: UR/0040/66/030/003/0417/0423

AUTHOR: Oleynik, O. A. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: On the stability of the solution of a system of boundary layer equations for nonstationary flow in incompressible fluids

SOURCE: Prikladnaya matematika i mehanika, v. 30, no. 3, 1966, 417-423

TOPIC TAGS: incompressible fluid, incompressible flow, Prandtl boundary layer, dimensional flow

ABSTRACT: The behavior of the solution of the system of nonstationary boundary layer equations for the two-dimensional flow of an incompressible fluid over an unlimited time is studied. The equations under consideration are

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0 \quad (1)$$

in the region D ($0 \leq t < \infty, 0 \leq x \leq x_0, 0 \leq y < \infty$)

with the conditions

$$u|_{t=0} = u_0(x, y)$$

$$u|_{y=0} = 0, \quad v|_{y=0} = v_0(t, x), \quad u|_{x=0} = u_1(t, y), \quad \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} u(t, x, y) = U(t, x)$$

Card 1/3

L 46723-56

ACC NR: AP6022520

It is assumed that the stationary solutions to (1), u^∞ and v^∞ have the following properties:

$$1. \frac{\partial u^\infty}{\partial y} > 0 \text{ when } 0 \leq y < \infty$$

2. u^∞ and $\frac{\partial u^\infty}{\partial y}$ have continuous and bounded first order partial derivatives with respect to x and y in the region

$$D^\infty \{0 \leq x \leq x_0, 0 \leq y < \infty\}$$

$$3. \text{The derivatives } \frac{\partial^3 u^\infty}{\partial y^3} \text{ and } \frac{\partial u^\infty}{\partial y} \text{ exist.}$$

It is also assumed that the nonstationary solutions have the following properties:

$$1. \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} > 0 \text{ for } 0 \leq y < \infty$$

2. u and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ have continuous and bounded partial derivatives of first order in t , x , and y .

$$3. \text{the derivatives } \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y^3}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \text{ exist and are continuous.}$$

4. in D there holds the inequality

$$\left[\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y^3} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} - \left(\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y^3} \right)^3 \right] \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^{-3} < K$$

Card 2/3

I. 46723-66

ACC NR: AP6022520

where K is some constant. These conditions are always fulfilled under natural restrictions on the given problem if x_0 is sufficiently small. Under these conditions it is shown that

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} u(t, x, y) = u^\infty(x, y)$$

for all x, y in D^∞ , which means simply that the solution u of the system of equations for the boundary layer for nonstationary flow of a viscous incompressible fluid tends to the solution u^∞ of the corresponding stationary problem as $t \rightarrow \infty$. The author thanks G. I. Barenblatt for reviewing the results of the article. Orig. art. has: 21 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 22Feb66/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 001

Card 3/3 *LC*

L 03020-67 EAT(d) IJP(c)

ACC NR: AP6027949

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/169/003/0525/0528

24
L

AUTHOR: Oleynik, O. A.

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: The Cauchy problem and the boundary value problem for second order hyperbolic equations degenerate in a region and on its boundaries

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 169, no. 3, 1966, 525-528

TOPIC TAGS: Cauchy problem, boundary value problem, hyperbolic equation, partial differential equation

ABSTRACT: The equation

$$L(u) = -u_{tt} + (a^{ij}(t, x)u_{xi})_{xj} + b^i(t, x)u_{xi} + b^0(t, x)u_t + c(t, x)u = f(t, x), \quad (1)$$

is studied, first in the case of the Cauchy problem in a region G , and under given initial conditions. The following theorem is proved: Theorem 1. Let the following inequality hold for the coefficients of equation (1):

$$Aa^{ij}\zeta_i\zeta_j + a^i_i\zeta_i\zeta_j - \alpha(b^i\zeta_i)^2 > 0$$

Card 1/2

UDC: 517.946

L 47052-66 EWT(d)/EWT(l)/EMP(m)
ACC NR: AP6019522 (A,N)

IJP(c) MN/JT SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/63/168/004/0751/0754

AUTHOR: Oleynik, O. A.

ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet); Institute of Mechanical Problems, Academy of Science of SSSR (Institut problem mehaniki Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: System of boundary-layer equations for a nonstationary flow of an incompressible fluid

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 168, no. 4, 1966, 751-754

TOPIC TAGS: boundary layer equation, incompressible fluid, incompressible flow, nonstationary flow, viscous flow

ABSTRACT: The author describes a system of boundary-layer equations for a nonstationary two-dimensional flow of a viscous incompressible fluid

$$u_t + uu_x + vu_y = -p_x + vu_{yy}, \quad u_x + v_y = 0 \quad (1)$$

in the domain $D\{0 \leq t < t_0, 0 \leq x < x_0, 0 \leq y < \infty\}$, where $t_0 \leq t_0, x_0 \leq \infty$, with the conditions

UDC: 517.946

Cord 1/2

L 47052-66
ACC NR: AP6019522

$$u|_{t=0} = u_0(x, y), \quad u|_{y=0} = 0, \quad v|_{y=0} = v_0(t, x), \quad u|_{x \rightarrow \infty} = u_1(t, y), \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{v \rightarrow \infty} u(t, x, y) = U(t, x). \quad (3)$$

The functions $p(t, x)$ and $U(t, x)$ are related by the Bernoulli law $U_t + UU_x = -px$. It can be proved that the constructed solution of $u(t, x, y)$ in problem (1)-(3) is stable when $t \rightarrow \infty$ in the sense that if the assigned functions $p(t, x)$, $U(t, x)$, $v_0(t, x)$ tend respectively toward certain functions $p(x)$, $U(x)$, $v_0(x)$ uniformly with respect to x when $t \rightarrow \infty$, and $u_1(t, y)$ at sufficiently large values of t does not depend upon t , then when $t \rightarrow \infty$ the function $u(t, x, y)$ tends toward the longitudinal component of velocity $u(t, x)$ of a stationary boundary layer corresponding to the limit functions $p(x)$, $U(x)$, $v_0(x)$, $U_1(y)$. The paper was presented by Academician Petrovskiy, I. G., 6 Mar 66. Orig. art. has: 11 formulas.

I. G., 6 Mar 66. Orig. art. has: 11 formulas
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 01Mar66/ ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 001

Cord 2/2 vlr

VIL'YAMS, O.S.; BOL'SHOVA, N.M.; OLEYNIK, O.V.

Effect of the type of the sample on the mechanical properties
indices of pipes made from 1810T steel. Zav.lab. 30 no.3:
350-351 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Nikopol'skiy yuzhnnotrubnyy zavod.

ACCESSION NR: APL020049

S/0032/64/030/003/0350/0351

AUTHORS: Vil'yams, O. S.; Bol'shova, N. M.; Oleynik, O. V.

TITLE: The effect of sample form on the mechanical properties of steel Kh18NIOT pipes

SOURCE: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 30, no. 3, 1964, 350-351

TOPIC TAGS: steel pipes, steel Kh18NIOT, mechanical property, elastic property, cold rolled pipe, high temperature treatment, elongation, rupture

ABSTRACT: Tensile tests of cold rolled pipes showed that their mechanical properties depend on the sample form. This relation was studied in samples 260 mm long and in segments 6 mm wide cut from the pipes produced of steel Kh18NIOT (%: 0.09 C; 18.10 Cr; 10.22 Ni; 1.17 Mn; 0.50 Si; 0.011 S; and 0.035 P). The samples were treated thermally (700-1100°C) before being tested in a 30-t machine at the rate of 4 mm/min before the metal flow started, and of 20 mm/min thereafter. The results revealed that the mechanical properties of the segments were better than those of the pipe samples, except for the local elongation (measured in the necked area) which was 3-6% larger in the pipe samples than in the segments. The plastic properties (elongation) of segments increased regularly
Card 1/2

ANIKIN, Yu.A.; OLYNIK, P.F.; NESENENKO, V.V.

Epidemiology of an outbreak of epidemic encephalitis of unknown etiology in Leninogorsk, East Kazakhstan Province. Zhur.mikrobiol.,epid,i immnun, 30 no.12:121 D '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Iz Leninogorskoj sanitarno-epidemiologiceskoy stantsii.
(LENINOGORSK--ENCEPHALITIS)

OLEYNIK, P.P.

Effect of environmental conditions on sugar accumulation in
sweet sorghum. Agrobiologiya no.4:612-614 Jl-Ag '61.
(MIRA 14:7)
1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo khozyaystva
TSentral'no-chernozemnoy polosy imeni V.V. Dokuchayeva,
Voronezhskaya oblast'.
(Sorghum)

CLEYNIK, P.P., aspirant

Sowing legumes along with sugar sorgo as a stubble crop. Zhivot-
novodstvo 23 no.6:60-64 Je '61. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Institut sel'skogo khozyaystva TSentral'no-chernozemnoy
polosy imeni V.V.Dokuchayeva.
(Legumes) (Sorghum)

OLEYNIK, P.P.

Sowing sugar sorghum on stubble. Zemledelie ?3 no.6:71-73
Je '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo khozyaystva
TSentral'no-chernozemnoy zony imeni V. V. Dokuchayeva.
(Sorghum)

KOTOV, P.F., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; OLEYNIK, P.P.

Aftermath and capacity of shoot reproduction of sweet sorghum.
Agrobiologiya no.5:791-793 S-0 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo khozyaystva
TSentral'no-chernozemnoy polosy imeni V.V.Dokuchayeva,
Voronezhskaya oblast'.
(Sorghum)

OLEYNIK, P.Z.; SOLOV'YEVA, N.T.; KUDRYASHEVA, N.I.

Finds of remains of the large gerbil in the northwestern Caspian Sea region. Sbor. nauch. rab. Elist. protivochus. sta, no. 1:167-171 '59.
(MIRA 13:10)

(CASPIAN SEA REGION--GERBILS)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238010014-1

OLEYNIK, R.N.; SAKALI, L.I.

Total evaporation in Moldavia and the Ukraine. Trudy
UkrNIGMI no.31:114-132 '62. (MIRA 16:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001238010014-1"

VITKOVSKIY, B.I.; GOYSA, N.I.; KONSTANTINOV, A.R.; KUDINA, A.V.;
OLEYNIK, R.N.; SAVALI, L.I.

Meteorological conditions and heat balance of the underlying surface during the work of the expeditions of the Ukrainian Scientific Research Hydrometeorological Institute and the Main Geophysical Observatory in the summer of 1960 and 1961.
Trudy UkrNIGMI no.35;3-17 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

KONSTANTINOV, A.R., OLEYNIK, R.N.

Evaporation from the waste land of the Ukrainian steppes
in the summer. Trudy UkrNIGMI no. 35:109-115 '63.
(MIRA 17:1)

SAKALLI, L.I.; OLEYNIK, R.N.

Heat consumption and evaporation in Moldavia and the Ukraine.
Trudy UkrNIGMI no.35:116-139 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

KONSTANTINOV, A.R.; KUDINA, A.V.; OLEYNIK, R.N.

Method for taking into account the effect of the sea on
the temperature and moisture of the air above land. Trudy
UkrNIGMI no.35:140-152 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

KONSTANTINOV, A.R.; GOYSA, N.I.; OLEYNIK, R.N.

Relation of transpiration to the spectral composition of
irradiation. Trudy UkrNIGMI no.41(126-134) '64.

(MIRA 1881)

KONSTANTINOV, A.R.; OLEYNIK, R.N.

Determining the evaporativity (maximum possible evaporation) from
farm fields. Trudy UkrNIGMI no.41:135-153 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

VOLYNETS, L.M.; ZHELEZNYAKOVA, T.V.; OLEYNIK, R.N.; PERLET, N.A.

Recording the intensity of direct solar radiation by individual portions of the spectrum. Trudy UkrNIGMI no.41:1&6-192 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

OLEYNIK, S.A.

DEMIDOV, I.N., inzhener (st. Osnova): OLEYNIK, S.A., inzhener (st. Osnova).

Improving the braking of cars in hump yards. Zhel.dor.transp.
39 no.6:73 Je '57. (MIREA 10:7)
(Railroads--Hump yards)

OLEYNIK, S. F.

Oleynik S. F. - "Blood transfusion in nephrosis therapy," Vrach-
eb. delo, 1949, No. 2, columns 143-148

SO: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zurnal 'nykh Statyg, N. 14, 1949).

OLEYNIK, S.F.

OLEYNIK, S. F.

Preparation of the system of tubes for blood transfusion. Med.
testra, Moskva No. 12, Dec. 50. p. 23-4

1. Vinnitsa.

CIRL 20, 3, March 1951

OLEYNIK, S.F.

OLEYNIK, S.F.; BOZHINSKIY, A.A.

History of blood transfusion in Russia. Klin.med., Moskva 18
no.11:91-92 Nov 50. (CIML 20:5)

1. Of the Department of Faculty Therapy (Head--Prof.V.A.Azlet-
skiy), Vinnitsa Medical Institute.

1. OLEYNIK, S. F.

2. USSR (600)

4. Physicians

7. V. V. Sutugin., Akush. i gin., No. 1, 1952 Iz Vinnitskogo Meditsinskogo Instituta
(Dir. - Prof. I. YA Deyneka)

9a. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1952, UNCLASSIFIED

OLMYNIK, S.P.

Blood transfusion in the treatment of endocarditis. Ter. arkh., Moskva
25 no.2:39-45 Mar-Apr 1953. (CIML 24:3)

1. Candidate Medical Sciences. 2. Of the Department of Faculty Therapy of
Vinnitsa Medical Institute (Director -- Prof. I. Ya. Deyneka).

OLEYNIK, S. F.; PLIPENKO, V. A.

Blood Pressure

Nycto-hemeral variations of blood pressure in hospitalized patients. Klin. med. 31,
No. 1, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953, Uncl.

OLEYNIK, S.F.:

OLEYNIK, S.F.: "Material on the characteristics of cardiac noise". Odessa, 1955. Odessa State Medical Inst imeni N. I. Pirogov. (Dissertations for the Degree of Candidate of Medical Sciences.)

Sc. Knizhnaya letopis'. No. 49, 3 December 1955. Moscow.

OLEYNIK, S.F.

[Blood transfusion in Russia and the U.S.S.R.; data on history,
methods, and techniques] Perelivanie Krovii v Rossii i SSSR;
materialy k istorii, metodike i tekhnike. Kiev, Gos. med. izd-vo
USSR, 1955. 418 p. (MLRA 10:2)

(BLOOD--TRANSFUSION)

OLINYNIK, S.P., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Clinical aspects of thrombosis of the superior vena cava. Terap.
arkh. 27 no.1:75-77 '55. (MIRA 8:7)

1. Iz knifedry fakul'tetskoy terapii (zav. prof. B.S.Shklyar) Vin-
nitskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(THROMBOSIS,

vena cava)

(VENA CAVA, diseases,

thrombosis)

OLEYNIK S.F.

DEYNEKA, I.Ya, professor; OLEYNIK, S.F., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Modification of cardiac sounds during goiter surgery. Vest.Khir.
75 no.3:73-80 Ap '55. (MIRA 8:7)

Iz kliniki obshchey khirurgii (zav.-prof. I.Ya.Deyneka) i kliniki
gospital'noy terapii (zav.-prof. N.A.Yas'novskiy) Odesskogo gosu-
darstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta im. N.I.Pirogova.

(GOITER, surgery,
preop. cardiac sounds)

(CARDIAC MURMURS AND SOUNDS,
in goiter surg.)

Oleinik, S.F.

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - Blood Circulation.

R-5

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biol., No 16, 1957, 70738

Author : Oleinik, S.F.

Title : Graphic Registering of Arterial Pressure by the Method
of Krotkov-Yanovski.

Orig Pub : Klinich. Medizina, 1956, 34, No 7, 81-85

Abstract : A graphic method is proposed for the registering of
sound phenomena in the peripheral arteries. (Phono-
sphignography). Krotkov's tones were received by a mi-
crophone in the region of the elbow bend. To magnify
the sound we used Magnitophone 'Dniepr I'. Kymograph
writing was produced by a lever connected by a rod to
the membrane of the electromagnetic telephone. The
cuff pressure was registered by a mercury manometer.

Card 1/1

- 3 -

Country	: USSR
Category	: Human and Animal Physiology. Blood Circulation. The Heart.
Abs. Jour.	: Ref Zbir-Siol., No 13, 1956, 106422
Author	: Gleyalk, S. F.
Institut.	: Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute of
Title	: Evaluating the Course of Heart Disease on the basis of Heart Murmurs.
Orig. Pub.	: Latri ly po obzemu nauchn. inform. Ukr. n.-i. inst klinich. meditsiny, 1957, vyp. 1, 122-123
Abstract	: no abstract.

Card: 1/1
*Clinical Medicine.

OLEYNIK, S.P.

Priority of the description of two symptoms in cardiology. Sov.med.
21 Supplement:19 '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Iz gospital'noy terapevticheskoy kliniki i kafedry patologicheskoy fiziologii Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(HEART--DISEASES)

OIMYNIK, S.F., kand.med.nauk

Relation of cardiac murmura to sounds as a differential sign. Terap. arkh. 29 no.1:63-70 Ja '57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz gospital'noy terapevicheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. M.A. Yasinovskiy) i kafedry patologicheskoy fiziologii (zav. - prof. N.N. Zayko) Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.
(CARDIAC MURMURS AND SOUNDS,
relation of murmurs to sounds as differential sign (Rus))

OLEYNIK, S.F., doktor med.nauk; BALABAYEVA, P.N.

Clinical features of necronephrosis. Vrach.delo no.2:143-145 by '58.
(MIRA 11:3)

1. Kafedra terapii (zav.-doktor med. nauk i.F.Oleynik) Zaporozhskogo
instituta usovremenstvovaniya vrachey.
(KIDNEYS--DISEASES)

OLEYNIK, S.F., kand.med.nauk

Auscultation and palpation in determining maximum and minimum pressure
in the brachial, temporal, femoral and common iliac arteries.
Sov.med. 22 no.11:116-118 N°58 (MIRA 11:11)

Iz Iz kafedry terapii (zav. - kand.med.nauk S.F. Oleynik)
Zaporozhskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey imeni Gor'kogo
(dir. - dotsent V.T. Karpukhin).

(BLOOD PRESSURE, determ

auscultation & palpation in determ. of brachial
temporal, femoral & iliac artery pressure (Rus))

OLEYNIK, S.P., prof.

Rest and cardiac precautions in myocardial infarction. Terap. arkh.
30 no.12:3-15 D '58. (MIRA 12:1)
(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, ther.
rest. & cardiac precautions (Rus))

OLEYNIK, S.Y., prof.

Auscultation of heart murmurs at the precordial point. Vrach. delo
no.1:93 '59. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Kafedra gospital'noy terapii (zav. - prof. S.Y. Oleynik) Dnepro-
petrovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(HEART--SOUNDS) (AUSCULTATION)

GLEMINIK, S.P., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk (Odessa)

Frequency components of cardiac murmurs and sounds. Klin.med. 35
no.3:93-98 Mr '57. (MIRA 10:7)

1. Iz gospital'noy terapevicheskoy kliniki (zav. - zasluzhennyy
deyatel' nauki prof. M.A.Yasinovskiy) i kafedry patologicheskoy
fiziologii (zav. - prof. N.N.Zayko) Odesskogo meditsinskogo
instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova (dir. - prof. ...Ya.Dayneka)

(CARDIAC MURMURS AND SOUNDS

frequency components of (Rus))

OLEYNIK, S.F.

Cuff skin flap. Eksper. khir. 5 no. 2:5!-60 Mr-Ap '60.

(MIRA 14:1)

(SKIN GRAFTING)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof. (L'vov)

Mesocardial point for the auscultation of the heart. Kaz. med. zhur.
no. 6; 32-35 N-D '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(AUSCULTATION)

OLEYNIK, Stepan Fedorovich; KOSITSKIY, G.I., red.; IVUDKOVSKAYA, N.I.,
tekhn. red.

[Theory of heart sounds] Teoriia serdecnykh shumov. Moscow,
Medgiz, 1961. 232 p. (MIRA 15,7)
(HEART--SOUNDS)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof.

Resistance reactions in a healthy state and in pathology. Nauch.
trudy L'vov. obl. terap. ob-va no. 1:41-48 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Katedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lechebno-go fakul'teta L'vovskogo
meditsinskogo instituta. (PHYSIOLOGY, PATHOLOGICAL)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof.; BALABAYEVA, P.N.

Nature and mechanism of the cardiac impulse. Nauch. trudy L'vov.
obl. terap. ob-va no. 1:62-65 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lecheb'nogo fakul'teta L'vov-
skogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. kaf edroy - prof. S.F. Oleynik).
(HEART BEAT)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof.; ZUBOVA, R.F., assistant

Fluctuation of cholesterol content in the blood following a cholesterol load. Nauch. trudy L'vov. obl. terap. ob-va no.1:
66-70 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lecheshogo fakul'teta L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. kafedroy - prof. S.F. Oleynik).
(CHOLESTEROL)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof.

Emotional impact on the patient of cardiovascular disorders. Kaz:
med. zhur. no.6:7-10 N-D '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Gospital'naya terapeuticheskaya klinika (zav. - prof. M.A.Yasinovskiy)
Odesskogo meditsinskogo instituta i faul'tetskaya teraprevticheskaya
klinika (zav. - prof. S.F.Oleynik) L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM-DISEASES-PSYCHOSOMATIC ASPECTS)

OLEYNIK, S.F., prof.; BALABAYEVA, P.N., kand.med.nauk

Isovoluminal phases of the heart. Vrach.delc no.4:11-16 Ap'63.
(MIRA 16:7)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lecheshmogo fakul'teta L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(HEART) (BLOOD-CIRCULATION)

ACC NR: APT005684

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/67/000/002/0156/0157

INVENTOR: Semenov, V. N.; Kuteпов, M. A.; Oleynik, S. I.

ORG: None

TITLE: A double-chamber shock absorber. Class 62, №. 190787

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2, 1967, 156-157

TOPIC TAGS: shock absorber, hydraulic equipment

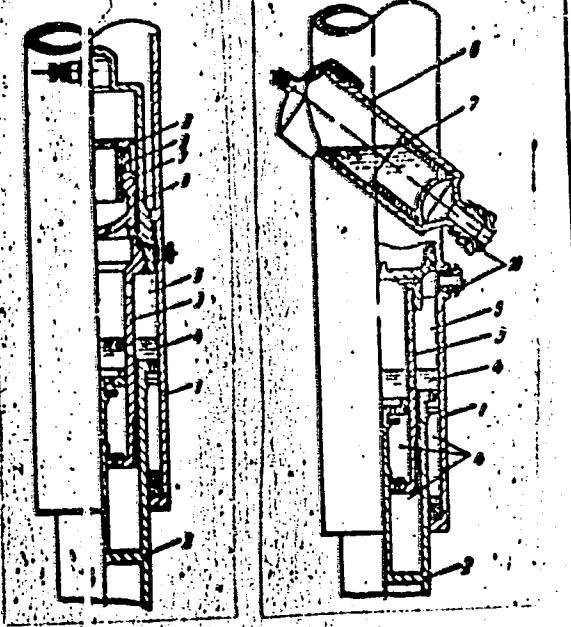
ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a double-chamber shock absorber which contains a cylinder, piston with seal and a diffuser tube fastened inside the cylinder. The cylinder also contains main air and hydraulic chambers. The installation is designed for increased operational reliability and provision is made for variation in the characteristics of shock absorption with simultaneous reduction in overloads. The device contains an auxiliary chamber which is separate from the main chamber and is made in the form of a cylinder equipped with a floating piston which has a control nut and washer. This auxiliary chamber is located in the shock absorber cylinder above the main fluid-air chamber, or outside the cylinder and connected to it by a pipeline. The air charge in this auxiliary chamber is greater than in the main chamber.

UDC: 629.135/138

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP7005684

1—cylinder; 2—piston; 3—diffuser tube; 4—fluid cavity; 5—air cavity; 6—cylinder of the auxiliary chamber; 7—piston with seals; 8—nut; 9—washer; 10—fitting for the connecting pipeline.



SUB CODE: 13 / SUBM DATE: 09 Jun 65

Card 2/2

OLYNYIK, S.U., kand. ekon. nauk,

Technical norms in Soviet machinery manufacturing. Trudy Khar'.
inzh.-ekon. inst. 9:57-91 '57. (MIRA 11:6)
(Machinery industry--Product standards)

MAKSakov, V.; OLEYNIK, T.; ABRAMZON, B.

Device for determining meat tenderness. Mias.ind.SSSR 33 no.5:48-49
'62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivotnovodstva lesostepi i
poles'ya UkrSSR (for Maksakov, Oleynik). 2. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
institut maslo-zhirovoy promyshlennosti UkrSSR (for Abramzon).
(Meat—Testing)

MAKSAKOV, V.Ya.; MOSOLOV, N.I.; OLEYNIK, T.N.

Possibility of a direct-observation evaluation of cattle carcasses.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; pishch, tekhn. no.:167-170 '63. (MIRA 1698)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivotnovodstva Lesostepi
i Poles'ya UkrSSR.

(Meat industry)

UGNYACHEV, N.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk; OLEYNIK, T.V.

Separate determination of sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides in the manufacture of sulfuric acid by the chamber process. Khim.prom.
no.8: 577-580 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)
(Sulfur dioxide) (Nitrogen oxide) Sulfuric acid)

AID P - 5043

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 103 - 14/22

Authors : Oleynik, V. and V. Kapitel'min

Title : High speed milling of large steel plates

Periodical : Stan. i instr., 4, 40-41, Ap 1956

Abstract : For machining larger plates, e.g. 80x150x1050 or 60x1100x2180 mm, a special milling cutter 1130 mm in diameter and weighing 200 kilograms was designed and used in the 6662 model plano-milling machine manufactured by the Gor'kiy Milling Machine Plant. The authors give a concise description of the cutter, illustrating it with 3 drawings and 1 table.

Institution : As above

Submitted : No date

S/073/62/028/C05/004/005
K09/I203

AUTHORS: Shen Ch'in-nang, Oleynik, V.A., and Melimarskiy Yu.K.
TITLE: Decomposition voltages of titanium, molybdenum, and tungsten
oxides dissolved in fused borax
PERIODICAL: Ukrainskiy Khimicheskiy zhurnal, v.21, no.5, 1962, 599-604

TEXT: This is a continuation of the work published in volume 27 of this journal, page 454, 1961. The decomposition voltages for various concentrations of the above oxides were investigated at 800°C and 900°C. The decomposition voltages for both pure TiO_2 and WO_3 and for their solutions in fused borax were theoretically calculated. The calculated decomposition voltages for pure TiO_2 are a little higher than those obtained in this work; this is believed to be due to cathodic depolarization. For WO_3 the calculated decomposition voltages are considerably lower than those obtained experimentally; this is explained by the co-deposition of tungsten and sodium on the cathode. There are 3 tables.

Card 1/2

DELIMARESKIY, Yu.K.; PAVLENKO, I.G.; ZARUBITSKIY, O.G.; OLEYNIK, V.I.

Electrochemical processes in melts involving intermetallic
compounds. Zhur. prikl. khim. 38 no.4 816-821 Ap '65.
(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

ACCESSION NR: AP4033699

S/0073/64/030/004/0370/0376

AUTHOR: Kotorlenko, L. A.; Gardenina, A. P.; Oleynik, V. G.

TITLE: Oxidative destruction of polyamides I. Investigation of thermal and radiation oxidation of polycaprolactam by IR spectroscopy

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 30, n. 4, 1964, 370-376

TOPIC TAGS: polyamide, oxidative destruction, oxidation, thermal oxidation, radiation oxidation, polycaprolactam, IR spectra, methylene bond rupture, peptide bond rupture, stabilization, cross linkage, carbonyl containing compound formation

ABSTRACT: Polycaprolactam films were subjected to thermal oxidation at 120-200°C in an atmosphere of oxygen, and to radiation oxidation at 30°C; radiation was effected with cobalt-60, 25 roentgens/sec, and maximum exposure of 400 hours. The changes in the IR spectra were examined and interpreted. In both types of oxidation approximately the same decrease occurred in the relative optical density of the bands for the valency vibration C-H of the methylene groups, the amide I and amide II, indicating rupture of the methylene and the peptide groups. Increase, on oxidation, in the optical density of the 1713 cm^{-1} band of the C=O vibration

Card

1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4033699

indicated the formation of carbonyl-containing compounds. Increase in the absorption in the 800-1200 cm⁻¹ range, especially in radiation oxidation, corresponds to the formation of hydroperoxide, ether and different cross-linked structures. The stabilizing effect of 0.1, 0.5 and 3% N,N'-di- β -naphthyl-p-phenylenediformamide depends on its concentration: in thermal oxidation 0.5% offered the best antioxidant action, in radiation oxidation 3% gave better stabilization. "The authors thank AN USSR academician A. I. Brodsk, for assistance and junior coworker Ye. A. Mel'nicuk for preparing the melts." Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 3 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo AN USSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry, AN USSR)

SUBMITTED: 23Apr63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC, NP

NO REF Sov: 009

OTHER: 002

Cord:

2/2

L 27334-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T IJP(c) RM

ACC NR: AP600896

SOURCE CO

AUTHORS: Goykhman, A. Sh.; Nosov, M. P.; Tret'yakov, Yu. N.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Synthetic Fibers, Kiev Division (Kiyevskiy filial nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta iskussstvennogo volokna)

TITLE: Stretching mechanism of caprone fibers^b (10 stretching process in synthetic yarns")

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 7,

TOPIC TAGS: synthetic fiber, caprone, x ray diffraction study

ABSTRACT: The relationship between the behavior between the crystallinity and crystallite orientation of caprone fiber was investigated at various temperatures. The study involved an x-ray diffraction method described by A. Sh. Goykhman, M. P. Nosov, and Yu. P. Tret'yakov (Khimich. volokna, 1965, No. 6). It was established that the orientation of monoclinic crystallites, which is characterized by the average orientation angle τ , is practically completed at λ (elongation multiplying factor) = 3 to 3.2 (see Fig. 1). Crystallinity of the polymer increases with enhanced degree of

RE: UR/0190/65/007/011/1877-1883

Bv, Yu. N.; Oleynik, V. G. 36

bers, Kiev Division (Kiyevskiy

tvennogo volokna)

th report in the series "Study of

no. 11, 1965, 1877-1883

action study

and mechanical properties and orientation occurring during stretching. The study involved an x-ray diffraction method described by A. Sh. Goykhman, M. P. Nosov, and Yu. P. Tret'yakov (Khimich. volokna, 1965, No. 6). It was established that the orientation of monoclinic crystallites, which is characterized by the average orientation angle τ , is practically completed at λ (elongation multiplying factor) = 3 to 3.2 (see Fig. 1). Crystallinity of the polymer increases with enhanced degree of

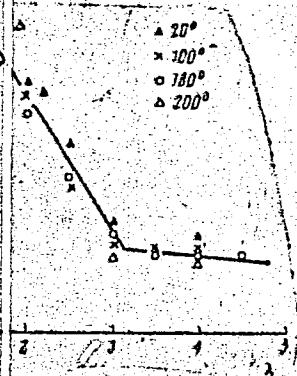
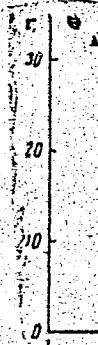
UDC: 678.01:53+678.675

Card 1/2

L 27334-66

ACC NR: AP6008965

Fig. 1. Average orientation angle θ as a function of the stretching multiplying factor λ at various temperatures.



stretching. A definite connection was found between the magnitude of equilibrium axial swelling and fiber structure. Fibers with no swelling. Fibers with $\lambda = 2.0$ to 2.5 do not change their linear dimensions to any practical extent. When $\lambda > 2.5$, only shrinkage is observed. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.

SUB CODE: 07.11 / SUBM DATE: 01Dec64 / ORIG REF:

on the magnitude of equilibrium from 1.0 to 2.0 stretch while change their linear dimensions to any observed. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.

005 / OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2

S/262/62/000/012/006/01
1007/1207

AUTHOR

Oleynik, V. I.

TITLE

The temperature effect of supercharging air on the thermal condition of a D70 (D20) engine

PERIODICAL

Referativnyy zhurnal, otdelnyy vypusk 42. Silovyye ustrojstva, no 12, 1962. 76 abstract
42.12.479. "Tr. Khar'kovsk. in-ta inzh. zid. transp." no 43, 1961. 75-79

TEXT: From a study of the effect of increasing the supercharging-air temperature on the thermal condition of an engine permit the following conclusions to be drawn: 1. The temperature of supercharging air has its maximum effect on the temperature of the exhaust valve and the piston crown. 2. The temperature of supercharging air has a negligible effect on the engine performance if the engine is operating with gas turbine less power

[Abstracter's note Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

OLEYNIK, V.I., inzh.

Possibility of using non-cooled pistons in the D70 engine.
Trudy KHIIT no. 50:66-77 '61. (MIRA 15:12)
(Diesel engines—Design and construction)

8/273/63/000/001/006/013
A052/A126

AUTHORS: Shokotov, N.K., Oleynik, V.I.

TITLE: Supercharge pressure selection as a reserve to raise the combined engine economy

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vydavushchii, 39. Dvigateli vnutrennego sgoraniya, no. 1, 1963, 17, abstract 1.39.103 (Tr. Khar'kovsk. in-ta inzh. zh.-d. transp., no. 50, 1961, 88 - 98).

TEXT: The problem of the effect of the excess air coefficient α on the economy of a turbocharged diesel is considered for the case when α changes as a result of the charge pressure. The investigations have established that the increase in the economy of a combined unit with the increase of α results from an improved indicated process of the piston engine.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

DRAKKIN, Ya.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHOKOTOV, N.K., inzh.; OLEYNIK, V.I.,
inzh.

Effect of fuel supply advance angle on the operating process of
a composite system. Teplovoz.i sud.dvig. no.3:263-268 '62.
(MIRA 16:2)

(Diesel engines)

ZASLAVSKIY, G.N., inzh.; SIMSON, A.E., inzh.; OLKYNIK, V.I., inzh.

Methods for improving the idling of the D50 diesel engine. Elek.
i tepl.tiaga 7 no.1845-42 Ja '63. (MIRA 1682)
(Diesel engines)

CLEYNIK, V. I.

Seed Industry

Transition of seed farms to continuous planting of high-quality perennial grasses and legumes, sel. i sem., 19, No. 7, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1953, Uncl.
2